

THE INDIAN

Devoted to the interests of the Cherokees, Choctaws, Chickasaws, Seminoles, Creeks, and all other Indians of the Indian Territory.

CHIEFTAIN PUBLISHING CO.

VINITA, INDIAN TERRITORY, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1890.

VOL. IX. NO. 11.

THIS IS NO IDLE BOAST.

We sell more goods and sell them cheaper than any other house in Chetopa.

WHY?

Because we **BUY FOR CASH** and **SELL FOR CASH**. All people who have money to spend should go where they can buy their goods at cash prices. This can be done at the **POPULAR CASH STORE** of

J. J. FLANNELLY & CO.

You do not have to pay old credit prices. We quote the following to show you what **CASH prices mean:**

Best American print..... 4 1/2c, sold elsewhere at 6 1/2c	Good Shirting..... 6 1/2c, sold elsewhere at 8 1/2c
Good Dress Calico..... 4 1/2c, sold elsewhere at 6 1/2c	Good Table Linen..... 1 1/2c, sold elsewhere at 1 3/4c
Good Gingham, flat colors..... 3c, sold elsewhere at 4c	Good, wide sheeting..... 3c, sold elsewhere at 4c
Good Cotton Flannel..... 5c, sold elsewhere at 7 1/2c	Heavy yard wide sheeting..... 6c, sold elsewhere at 8 1/2c
All wool plain Red Flannel..... 1 1/2c, sold elsewhere at 1 3/4c	Good Linsey, all colors..... 10c, sold elsewhere at 12 1/2c
All wool Twill Red Flannel..... 1 3/4c, sold elsewhere at 2c	

DRESS GOODS

We have just received an elegant assortment of Broadhead Worsteds. We sell these goods cheaper than any other house can buy them. Read these prices:

38-inch Henrietta Cloth, all colors, 7 1/2c, sold elsewhere at 9c	42-inch colored Henrietta Cloth, 37 1/2c, sold elsewhere at 45c
38-inch all wool Henrietta Cloth, 4c, sold elsewhere at 5c	All colors Wool Dress Flannels, 35c, sold elsewhere at 40c

DRESS TRIMMINGS

A beautiful line of Plaid, plain and striped Surrah Silks, Velvets, Plushes, Braids, Dress Buckles, Buttons and Ribbons which we are selling very cheap.

SHOES

Children's Oil Grain Button Shoes, 8 to 12, 85c, sold elsewhere at \$1.25; Women's Oil Grain or Calfskin Button Shoes, \$1.15, sold elsewhere at \$1.50; Heavy Pegged or Seamed Shoes, 75c, sold elsewhere at \$1.50.

BOOTS

Men's Steg Boots, \$1.50, sold elsewhere for \$2.25; Men's Fine Calf Boots, side lined, \$2.25, sold elsewhere for \$3.00; Men's Grain Boots, good stock, \$2.25, sold elsewhere for \$3.00.

Nothing need we say of our stock of Ladies and Misses fine shoes, as every one knows they are the very best that can be had. Every pair warranted.

CLOTHING

Our stock of Men's and Boys' Clothing and Overcoats are selling at lower prices than ever seen in Chetopa.

Our terms are strictly cash. We have no losses for you to pay. New goods arriving each day. Don't buy a nickel's worth of goods until you have seen our stock and get our prices.

J. J. FLANNELLY & CO., CHETOPA, KAN.

H. B. HENRY,

CHELSEA, - - INDIAN TERRITORY.

- PROPRIETOR OF -

The Greatest Bargain Store

in the Cherokee Nation.

- HE HANDLES -

Dry Goods, Notions, Hats, Boots and Shoes, CLOTHING, GROCERIES, FURNITURE AND HARDWARE.

And, should a customer want any thing not kept regularly in stock such as a *Wagon, Cook Stove, Farm Machinery*, or any thing else it will be furnished at *Net Cost*, delivered, and you save the profit usually made by merchants in these lines. In other words, he protects his customers, and gives Alliance prices on everything. Listen to no arguments against him—price for yourself as talk is cheap. Some advertise bargains, but

HENRY GIVES BARGAINS.

And he wants his prices and goods to speak for themselves.

SAMPLE COPY

OF THE

ST. LOUIS

WEEKLY

Globe-Democrat

SENT FREE TO ANY ADDRESS.

Send your name at once to the

GLOBE PRINTING CO.,

St. Louis, Missouri.

CURRENT COMMENT.

THE conference in regard to the affairs of the Canton of Ticino, Switzerland, has adjourned without result.

THE florists of Indiana object to having their specialties classed with agricultural products by the World's Fair managers.

PORTLAND has decided to impose a high duty on flour, and has under consideration the granting of a monopoly for the importation of wheat.

THE German and English factions of the Reformed Church at Sherwood, O., have taken their disputes into the courts and the church is divided.

ADVISES from Zanzibar state that the Sultan's decree abolishing the slave trade is almost a dead letter, the Arabs persisting in the traffic under the very eyes of the authorities.

PATRICK DELANEY, who was implicated in the Phoenix park murders and was serving a sentence of life imprisonment, and who appeared as a witness for the London Times before the Parson's commission, has been released from prison.

OFFICIALS of the Southern Pacific Company have made a personal investigation as to the cause of the accident at Lake Labish, near Salem, Ore. They claim that the truck was tampered with and have offered a reward of \$5,000 for the arrest and conviction of the guilty parties.

THE Prince of Wales recently sent an intimation to Count Pestich that he would be accompanied on his visit to Schloss Kersbach by several friends, including Baron Hirsch, whereupon the Count curtly replied that he declined to receive the Baron as a guest in his house, and so the Prince abandoned his visit.

In response to the inquiries made by Postmaster-General Wainman as to whether advertisements in the newspapers of "sponsoring candidates" in their various phases were in violation of section 3,984 of the Revised Statutes as amended by the anti-lottery act of September 16, 1890, the Attorney-General has submitted his opinion, in which he holds in the negative.

THE Illinois State Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners has decided to adopt the uniform classification of rates prepared by the standing committee on uniform classifications appointed by the convention of December 4, 1888. The board has considered it much more satisfactory for all concerned than the varying freight classifications now in use. The change will take effect January 1.

THE Emperor William has summoned Prof. Koch to a personal interview, desiring to learn the details of the results obtained by his experiments with the treatment of the disease. It is stated that the treatment has been proven efficacious beyond question. A Frankfurt telegram to the Berlin Post says that the Emperor has made a gift of \$250,000 to Prof. Koch and has given another \$250,000 to endow a national institute at which the lymph used in the treatment will be produced.

THE Indian Commission has concluded its labors at Darlington, I. T., having secured the number of signatures necessary for the opening of the vast reservation lying between Oklahoma proper and the Panhandle of Texas. By this treaty about 3,500,000 acres of the best agricultural and grazing land will be secured for the Indians. The Commission will proceed to the Annadago agency to treat with the Comanches, Kiowas, Apaches, Caddoes, Wichitas and Delawares for their immense reservation.

COMMODORE GEORGE DEWEY, chief of the Bureau of Equipment, in his annual report to the Secretary of the Navy, says that during the past fiscal year sixty-five vessels have been wholly or partially equipped at a cost of \$293,988, and coal for ships' use and for equipment of ships has been purchased at a cost of \$45,000. The bureau has estimated that \$1,000,000 will be necessary for the general purpose comprised under the heading "Equipment of Vessels," which includes the purchase, handling and shipment of coal. The amount stated is \$100,000 more than the appropriation for the current year.

THE articles of incorporation of the new Stock Yards Company have been filed at Springfield, Ill. The new company is entirely American and controlled by Armour, Swift and Morris. Yards are to be located on six acres of land recently purchased by the packers just across the Indiana State line on the shore of Lake Michigan. One of the incorporators is the attorney for the Swifts. He said in another evening: "We shall transfer the plants of the three houses to the new location as soon as the contractors can get things in shape. The contracts will be let under special penalties for speedy completion."

THE board of officers to recognize the Signal Service, consisting of Lieutenants Colonel H. W. Lawton, Assistant Inspector-General; Assistant Surgeon-General C. R. Greenleaf and Colonel George Davis Judge Advocate, met at the War Department recently. The new service will consist of the present chief signal officer, one major, four mounted lieutenants, three officers will be selected from those now on duty in the Signal Service, including officers detailed from the line and staff of the army. The competition for the places is very keen. There are about twenty-five officers eligible for the places.

THE tie in the Massachusetts Senate gives rise to some interesting comment. Neither party seems willing to give way to the other in the choice of president and clerk of that body, but Governor-Elect Russell can not be inaugurated until the Senate shall have chosen its president and clerk. It is probable that the Senate will be organized on Monday. The inauguration of Mr. Russell will be during the entire term for which he was elected. A compromise will probably be made by the two bodies.

A BITTER persecution of Roman Catholics is said to be raging in the western provinces of Russia. The Government of Kioff has ordered that no new Roman Catholic churches shall be built and that churches already standing shall not be repaired.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Gleaned by Telegraph and Mail.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.
EXPLORER STANLEY delivered his first lecture in America to a fashionable audience at the Metropolitan Opera House, New York, on the 11th.

THE total vote of the State of Pennsylvania for Governor was: Pattison, Democrat, 484,509; Delamater, Republican, 447,935; Gill, Prohibition, 10,178; Hyde, Labor, 2,235.

THE remains of the late Major-General George Crook have been taken from Oakland, Md., and interred with military honors in the National cemetery at Arlington, in the presence of a few long-time friends of the dead General.

OFFICIAL returns from all the counties in doubt show that the South Dakota Legislature is lost in both branches to the Republicans. The House still probably favors the majority for the Democratic Independent Fusionists, while the Senate will have not less than three, giving them seven majority on joint ballot to elect a United States Senator.

COMPLET official returns elect the entire Republican State ticket of Iowa, including Lake for Railroad Commissioner. The vote for Secretary of State gives McFarland a plurality of 3,850, and the other Republican candidates pluralities ranging from 1,550 to 3,779.

THE dinner to Hon. Allen G. Thurman occurred at Columbus, O., on the 10th. The dinner was a grand affair, filled with leaders of the Democratic party. Mr. Thurman, in responding to his health, confined himself to reminiscences and to a positive statement that he could not be a candidate for any future office. Ex-President Cleveland spoke on political subjects.

DANIEL S. APPLETON, of the publishing firm of D. Appleton & Co., died at his home in University place, New York. He was stricken with apoplexy. The Democrats of the First Maine district have decided not to contest Reed's seat in the next House of Representatives. The leaders now contemplate an appeal to the House that a committee be sent down there to inquire into election methods.

DR. H. T. DEWEY, editor of the Congressionalist, died at his home in Newburyport, Mass., recently.

THE French Government will issue a new law in January if the Chambers will sanction the proposal.

PASTOR CRAMER, of Prof. Smith of the agricultural chair and Prof. Mount of the engineering and Director of the State Agricultural College at Ames, Iowa, Prof. R. W. Stanton has been appointed president.

THE official canvass of the N. W. Michigan district results in the election of H. B. Wilson, Democrat, to Congress in the place of B. M. Catech, Republican, as previously reported. Wheeler's plurality is 48.

P. T. RABINOW, the showman, was seriously sick at his residence at Bridgeport, Conn.

THE reforms of Rome, gives a formal dissent to the statement that Prime Minister Crispien and Chancellor von Caprivi, at their recent interview, arranged for the formation of an international league in opposition to the new United States tariff.

THE rebellion in Honduras under General Caceres, has been suppressed by President Bogran, the rebels not killed in battle being executed by musketry and their bodies exposed.

GENERAL JOHN C. STEARNS, recently of the army, has been elected to the position of rector of Glasgow University. Mr. Balfour, Chief Secretary for Ireland, was successful over Lord Alton, the Liberal Unionist, in the election.

THE Socialists were badly beaten in the municipal elections at Magdeburg, Erfurt, Mainz, Chemnitz, Brunswick and Wurzburg, in Bavaria, where the Socialists, contrary to expectation, were the victors.

FEARFUL that Italy is about to make attempts upon Tripoli, 3,000 Turkish troops have been sent to reinforce the garrisons of the province and the forts are being strengthened.

MISCELLANEOUS.
TOMLINSON, the condemned murderer of Sheriff Crammer, who escaped from jail at Booneville, Mo., has been recaptured at Chicago, Ky. He was visiting his sweetheart.

LEANDRO, citizen of the United States met in Chicago and discussed the World's Fair representation. They obtained a check, endorsed by the fair, with oleomargarine and animal fat products.

J. G. WALKER & Co., brokers, New York, have assigned.

AN epidemic of typhoid fever is raging at Chicago, and it is said that there have already been eighty-nine cases, of which twenty-five have been fatal. At present forty persons are stricken. Business is entirely suspended and the streets are made up by the population are wild with fear.

A DISASTROUS railroad accident occurred on the Southern Pacific about five miles from Salem, Ore. The end of a long train gave way under a passenger train and four men were taken out of the wreck dead. About twenty persons besides were seriously injured.

THE Washington Critic publishes the statement that a recent flurry in stocks and the temporary panic in the money market were due to the withdrawal from circulation by the Louisiana Lottery Company of its \$7,000,000 surplus.

SECRETARY TRACY has issued an order increasing the number of stars on the National ensign and Union Jack to forty-three. Five new stars are added, and that the ensign and flag of the United States shall be made to represent the states, Montana, Washington and Idaho.

THE stars are arranged in six rows, the top row containing eight stars and the other five rows containing seven stars each.

A COLLISION took place near the Georgia station on the Edinburgh, Scotland suburban railway. Twelve persons were badly injured.

THE coroner's jury which investigated the cause of the wreck on the Southern Pacific, at Salem, Ore., returned the verdict that the cause was the negligence of the engineer.

NEAR Millersburg, Ky., a passenger train ran into a handcar, on which were five truck regulars. James Finley was instantly killed, John Garsley had his leg cut off and the other three received injuries that may terminate fatally.

RICHARDS was executed at Woodstock, Ont., on the 14th for the murder of F. C. Russell, whom he had enticed from England for the purpose of swindling in Canada. All the parties were well connected with English families.

CHAS. DENNIS, the criminal of London, but admitted the attempt at murder, in Brooklyn a verdict was rendered for \$5,000 in favor of ex-Assemblyman Daniel W. Talnage against the New York World. Mr. Talnage sued the World for \$5,000 for libel in calling him a corrupt legislator.

UNHAPPY differences continue to prevent the Chicago World's Fair directors from accomplishing any thing definite. R. M. WATSON & Co., sewing machine and lamp manufacturers of Hamilton, Ont., have assigned. The liabilities are estimated at about \$200,000. The assets consist of real estate, plant and book value.

THE English syndicate that bought the Pillsbury-Washburn flour mills at Minneapolis seems to have made a good thing out of the transaction. A dividend of ten per cent. was declared for the first year.

GENERAL ROGER U. S. A., has returned from the Standing Rock agency, where he has been investigating the claims of the Sioux Indians in expectation of their long looked for Messiah. He says that the excitement has subsided and no trouble is anticipated.

THE business portion of the town of Barton, O., population 1,000, has been destroyed by fire.

IN a freight collision on the Kansas City road near Elkhart, Minn., Engineer Penobscot, Head Brakeman Callahan and Fireman Folwell were instantly killed. They were from St. Paul.

FRENCH owners of paintings of scenes in "Habeas Corpus" order, destroyed by the London court, have agreed to the French Government to prevent the destruction.

A RECEIVER has been appointed for O'Donovan Rossa's newspaper, the United Irishman, on a judgment of \$175. The failure of Mrs. O'Shea to enter a defense and of Mr. Parnell to appear in the O'Shea divorce is tantamount to a confession of guilt, and Parnell will have to pay the costs. It was probable that Parnell would be compelled to retire from the Irish leadership.

SUICIDE recently took a mile in 21:01 in California.

A student named Maylew, doing business at Westminster, London, has absconded, leaving liabilities of \$935.50. His assets amount to only \$900.

KATE RICHMOND, the woman who shot R. E. Wright, M. A. master of University College, Oxford, was sentenced to six years' imprisonment.

THE French steamer Le Chatelet has been wrecked in a fog on the French coast. The crew escaped.

THE great banking house of Baring Bros., London, was seriously embarrassed on account of the Argentine loan and the withdrawal of Russian funds.

A panic was averted by the timely action of the Bank of England, the Rothschilds and others.

CLAIMING home returns for the week ended November 15 showed an average increase of 3 1/2 compared with the corresponding week of last year. In New York the increase was 3 1/2.

ONE hundred and fifty carloads of wheat are leaving Manitoba daily and non-threshing wheat is being shipped. This is the largest wheat movement known there.

THE threatened strike of the coal miners near Pittsburgh, Pa., has been averted by the action of the United Mine Workers of America.

THE men demanded an additional six cents a ton, and a compromise was effected by the operators conceding an advance of four cents. All the mines are now in operation.

A DISPATCH from Madrid says that the total number of deaths from cholera in Spain during the present epidemic is about 5,000. The disease has not yet been stamped out in Valencia.

HENRY MERZ, a breeder of Belgian horses at Palo, Ill., has been sued for \$4,000 for importing four stallions from abroad contrary to the alien contract law.

ADDITIONAL DISPATCHES.
THE divorce suit in London ended in a verdict for the husband, Parnell being mulcted in the costs.

THE stock markets at London and New York had about recovered on the 17th from the flurry after the Baring embarrassment.

PEACE has been signed between Guatemala and Salvador.

IN suppressing a peasant riot fifteen miles from Moscow, Russia, the troops killed and wounded 100.

PREPARATIONS are making in Holland to install Queen Emma. The King's condition is unchanged.

STILL at Danbury, Conn., are on a strike.

THIRTY-EIGHT lives were lost on the Dalmatian coast of the Adriatic sea by the capsizing of a boat conveying a large number of laborers to the olive harvest.

TRAINMEN on the Peoria & Pekin Union Railway in Illinois went on strike on the 17th.

FOURTEEN have been re-elected grand jurors from Moscow, Russia, the troops killed and wounded 100.

OFFICIAL RETURNS show a close election in Nebraska. Boyd D. had 69,005; Powers A., 68,331; Richards, R., 68,251.

THE concentration of Russian troops on the Armenian frontier has caused much uneasiness in Turkey. The Government of Erzerum has sent sixty wagon loads of ammunition for the Turkish troops on the frontier.

A GREAT FORGER.

A New York Broker Does a Thriving Business in the Forgery Line—How He Helped His Friends.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—Albert H. Smith, the junior partner in the brokerage firm of Miller, Robinson & Smith at 90 Broadway, is a prisoner at police headquarters, charged with ever ready forgery, aggregating \$500,000. Smith has acknowledged his crime to Inspector Byrnes and has turned over all his property to W. A. Watson for the benefit of his creditors.

THE discoveries of the forgeries, which cover a period of six years, were accidentally made by a stock clerk in the employ of the firm.

In his confession Smith says he used the money obtained by his forgeries to reimburse customers of the firm who had lost money on his suggestions. Before his arrest he made a clean breast of his doings to his associates in the firm. Although the case is not yet complete Inspector Byrnes, aware of the excited condition of the money market, determined to make public the real facts of the case.

Smith's method was something akin to that of Bedell, the clerk of the firm of Shipman, Post & Laroque, who was sent to prison for a long term recently. The loss resulting will fall upon the firm, which had been in existence since 1878, and which had been held in the highest repute.

About six years ago Smith became embarrassed and to save himself adopted the scheme which led to his downfall. He would buy seven, eight or nine shares of first class stock and by adding a cipher raise the order to seventy, eighty or ninety shares. These he deposited with the firm as a private account and thus made his partners responsible. The shares were in the course of time hypothecated with the Union Trust Company, United States Trust Company, Central Trust Company, Chemical Bank, Phoenix Bank, Mechanics Bank, Fourth National Bank, Kansas Bank of Deposits and Savings, until the amounts secured reached between \$30,000 and \$35,000 in each case.

The forgeries might have continued indefinitely if Stock Clerk W. A. Watson had not discovered the figures in a certificate turned in by Smith had been raised. An investigation followed and showed that Smith had purchased about seven shares instead of seventy, as he had to pay the costs. This led to an overhauling of the books of the firm and then all came to light.

THE BARINGS' EMBARRASSED.

The Great London Bankers Only Saved by Timely Outside Assistance.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—The Scottish banks will have something to say for the purpose of adding to the Barings' guarantee fund.

The whole banking world has shown alacrity in subscribing, and when all the provincial and other subscribers have arrived the total will be such a sum as will make the whole incident a brilliant triumph for the organizers of the fund.

The firm's books have been before the Bank of England managers for a week. Baring the \$5,000,000 surplus, the partners' estate represent immense potential resources, but although the firm could have met its liabilities for at least another month, it was decided to disclose its position in order to avert the risk of a general break-down of credit, plunging the whole country into trouble.

The Baring Bros' embarrassment was due to the action of the Russian Government, which, alarmed by the financial troubles in the Argentine Republic, suspended the Argentine loan and withdrew from the Baring's £3,000,000, just as it withdrew £1,000,000 from the Compt d'Escompte in the spring of 1889, its action at that time resulting in the suicide of the manager of the institution and the collapse of the copper ring.

To the rise in the bank rate to 5 no trouble occurred and the \$5,000,000 was quietly transferred to Berlin. After this being ascertained, the Baring's were again reassured. The governor of the Bank of England acted with exceeding discretion, keeping every thing as secret as possible in order to avoid panic.

It is believed that three years will be ample time to bring the firm's affairs to a substantial position.

All the morning papers, while regretting that a great name has been brought so low, applaud the courage with which the difficulty was met, and acknowledge that the Bank of England had earned the thanks of the whole community for its prompt and promptitude with which it arranged so difficult and complicated an affair.

SINGULAR ACCIDENT.

Wherein Four Men Were Precipitated Down a Haystack.

CHICAGO, Nov. 16.—Coal heavers John Pinkhardt, Joseph Brandt, Michael Eagan and Fred Engles undertook to move the hold of the steam barge D. C. Whitney, at noon yesterday, by clinging to the hoisting chain that led into the middle hatch. They were carried high up above the deck before the machinery could be stopped and remained suspended in mid air until Pinkhardt's leg of the chain and tumbled headlong through the open hatch into the hold. In falling his body carried against one of the iron beams and one by one they were torn from the chain and precipitated into the hold, a drop of nearly thirty feet. Pinkhardt was instantly killed, Eagan and Engles not recovered and Brandt is probably fatally injured.

Indian Scare Stories Discredited.
ST. LOUIS, Nov. 17.—Secretary of War Redfield Proctor arrived here yesterday morning. The Secretary was seen at the Southern Hotel last evening and stated that he and General Miles, who arrived here Saturday night and returned to Chicago last night, talked over in a general way matters in reference to the department, but that no arrangements were made to send troops to the Indian reservation in the Northwest. The excitement among the Indians regarding the coming of the stock raising and agricultural people, however, is an epidemic of superstition. The death rate is 80 percent.

Dreaded Spotted Fever.
GALLATIN, Tenn., Nov. 17.—The dreadfully spotted fever, which made its appearance last March near Fontana, Tenn., about fifteen miles from Gallatin, killing about 90 percent of the victims, has reappeared. James Simpson, living in the affected section, lost three grown sons all in about two days. He has since moved within about three miles of Gallatin, and now his daughter has a genuine case. The girl is about 13 years old and the doctors do not know how to handle the disease. Spotted fever is an epidemic cerebro-spinal meningitis. The death rate is 80 percent.

The Kock Cure.
BERLIN, Nov. 17.—A large number of foreign doctors went this morning to Dr. Levy's private laboratory where the doctor exhibited a number of patients cured of tuberculosis. The Roerssen Courier states that there are 1,500 foreign doctors already here. The supply of Dr. Kock's lymph has been temporarily exhausted. Prof. Koch has suggested that the remedy be called "paratubercle" in prescriptions to be handed to chemists. It is stated that a bill will be presented to the Reichstag appropriating 1,000,000 marks to Prof. Koch.

BLACK BOB SQUATTERS.

A Bill Filed in the Circuit Court to Have Them Ejected.

TOPKA, Kan., Nov. 15.—The United States District Attorney of Kansas, under instructions from Attorney-General Miller, has just filed a bill in equity in the Circuit Court of the United States at Topka, on behalf of the Black Bob band of Shawnee Indians and against the settlers who have squatted on the Black Bob reservation in Johnson County and the speculators who hold unapproved deeds from the Indians. The bill alleges that the deeds of the speculators were obtained by fraud and demands that they be canceled. The bill prays that the settlers be ejected and that they be held to account to the Indians for the rents and profits of the land for the last twenty years. This suit involves about 30,000 acres of the best land in Johnson County, which have been occupied by squatters ever since the Indians were driven off by Quantrill and his men in 1853.

The settlers have absolutely no title save the possession, which they have been well satisfied to enjoy without any liability to pay taxes. Great excitement prevails among the people of the reservation over the prospects of being ejected, losing the improvements which they have placed there, and being mulcted for rents and profits besides. They have employed lawyers and will make a bitter fight. The speculators who hold unapproved deeds have never been in possession, having been kept out by the squatters. Might has been right on two occasions for a long time, and for years it has furnished the courts of Johnson County the largest proportion of their criminal business. The local attorney appointed, by Attorney-General Miller to look after the interests of the Indians, says that every prayer of the bill will be insisted upon.

ENDED IN DEATH.

The Honduras Rebellion Ends in the Leaders Being Summary Shot.

CITY OF MEXICO, Nov. 17.—Advices from Honduras are that the revolution is ended. President Bogran Friday night ratified a number of cannons about the barracks in the capital and early next morning he opened fire. Sanchez and his imprisoned companions, knowing that death awaited them in any event, fought with all the desperate courage of despair, but it was a hopeless struggle from the start. After a brief cannonading the walls of the barracks were almost completely battered down.

Then there was a determined charge by Bogran's soldiers, a brief but desperate hand to hand fight and then all that remained alive of the rebels were prisoners.

Without the formality of a court martial Sanchez, with several of the principal offenders, the rebels, were taken to the principal square in the city, blindfolded and stood in line, in the presence of hundreds of soldiers.

A firing party was told off. The doomed men were given a brief time for prayer; then the word was given; there was a crash of musketry, and the revolution of Longinos Sanchez passed into history.

Sanchez and his men met their fate without flinching.

General Sanchez during his brief term of power caused two of his members of President Bogran's Cabinet to be shot. One of the executed Ministers was Simon Martinez.

INDIANS ARMING.

The Authorities Accused of Harboring a False Secret.

MANDAN, N. D., Nov. 17.—Settlers living on the border of the